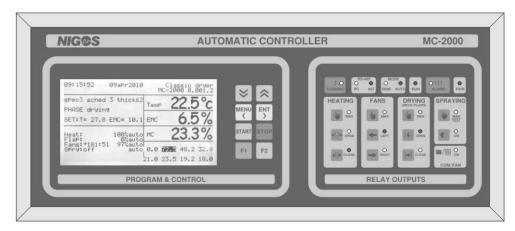


USER'S MANUAL for automatic control unit MC-2000

MC-2000



1. MC-2000 MAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Automatic control unit MC-2000 is a device intended for drying process control in conventional (steam) and dehumidifying dryers. Controller provides optimum conditions in the dryer through air temperature and humidity control.

Controller MC-2000 is delivered pre-connected in the power electric panel (KRO). User connects equipment in the kiln to appropriate clamps in the power electric panel. MC-2000 receives information about air temperature and equilibrium moisture content (EMC) from 2 measuring points and wood moisture content (MC) from 8 points from the measurement module MKM-08 via communication line. MKM-08 receives these data from 2 measurement boxes DS-04t, transforms them and then transfers the data to MC-2000 controller. Controller controls the drying process based on these data. It can operate in automatic or semi-automatic mode, depending on settings made by user. When in automatic control mode, MC-2000 follows the chosen drying regime and achieves optimal drying conditions in the kiln automatically. In semiautomatic control mode, user can set desired setpoints for air temperature and humidity, based on the personal experience, and the unit only maintains those values inside the kiln at the desired point. The unit can be connected to a PC, which enables control of drying process from distance (from the office or suitable operating room). Additional capability of the MC-2000 controller is manual control of the drying process. User can use buttons, placed in the right part of MC-2000 labeled with "RELAY OUTPUTS", for manual control of relay outputs. When manual control is active the controller only displays the measured values. In all other cases, the MC-2000 controls relay outputs automatically. All output adjustments are built-in, so the user has no influence on their operation during drying process. Most irregular situations that may occur are registered and resolved within the controller's program options. User intervention is required in certain situations that cannot be resolved by controller, or in case of unknown conditions.

MC-2000 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Main characteristics	Main abanastaristics		
Wiain Characteristics	Power supply	230Vac; 50Hz; 300mA	
	Number of digital inputs	4	
	Number of analogue inputs	1 (Pt1000; T: - 25 ÷ 160 °C)	
	Number of outputs	9	
	Communication lines	2.	
	Displays	LCD with 16 rows x 40 characters	
	Operating conditions	T: 0 ÷ 50 °C; RH: 5 ÷ 90%	
	Storage	T: -40 ÷ 85 °C; RH: 5 ÷ 90%	
	Dimensions (W x H x D)	(470 x 200 x 110) mm	
	Weight	3200g	
Outputs	1		
Relay outputs	Number of outputs	9	
Relay outputs	Characteristics	Common contact; 8A / 250 Vac, , uninterrupted load 3A max	
		2 outputs for temperature control (heating valves))	
		2 outputs for fans operation and direction control	
	Purpose and number of outputs	2 outputs for humidity control (servo-controlled flaps)	
		1 output for spraying	
		1 output for compressor	
		1 output for alarm	
Optocapler outputs	Number of outputs	3	
1 1 1	Purpose and number of outputs	2 isolated digital outputs for frequency inverter starting	
	Turpose and number of outputs	1 analogue output for frequency inverter control	
Communication			
Digital	Communication standard	RS-485	
=	Protocol	S - NIGOS	



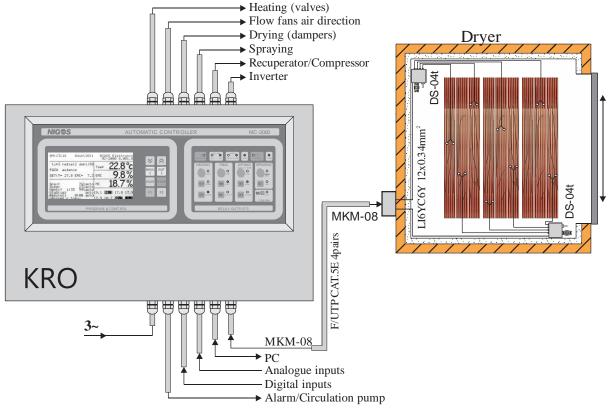
MKM-08 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Inputs		
Temperature input	Number of inputs	2
	Range	$-20 \div 110 {}^{0}\text{C}; 10 \text{mV} / {}^{0}\text{C}$
EMC input	Number of inputs	2
•	Range	2.0 ÷ 30 % EMC
MC inputs	Number of inputs	8
•	Range	5 ÷ 160 %

2. INSTALLATION

2.1. CONNECTING DIAGRAM

MC-2000 is a controller primarily intended for drying control in the kiln that is part of system with large number of dryers. It is very common for these systems that control and surveillance equipment for all dryers is placed in one room. Actual dryer, which is controlled by a certain controller placed in the operating room, can be significantly distanced from there (up to 300 m). There are 2 types of signals that are transmitted between the controller and the equipment in the dryer. Control signals can be transmitted at that distance with no significant loss, but data signals obtained from temperature, EMC and MC probes, can be corrupted during transport. That is why the control signals can be transmitted from the appropriate clamps in power electric switch board directly to the kiln's executive equipment, while data signals must be converted at first in the form that is suitable for transmission at long distance. Converting of data signals is performed in the communication box MKM-08 that is placed near to drying chamber (usually on the chamber' wall). Software control of system configuration is fully supported. Optimal configuration of the system is achieved with the proper choice of the number of attached temperature probes, and probes for Equilibrium Moisture Content (EMC) and wood moisture content (MC).



Picture 2.1. Schematic representation of MC-2000 connection in the system with 2 temperature and EMC measurement points and 8 MC measuring points

MC-2000 controller has 9 relay outputs:

- 2 of them are reserved for temperature control (opening and closing heating valve) with selectable PI or ON/OFF type of control,
- 2 for changing air flow direction (flow fans control),
- 2 for humidity control (opening and closing flaps) with selectable PI or ON/OFF type of control,
- 1 for compressor or fan in the flap,
- 1 for spraying system control, and
- 1 for alarm.

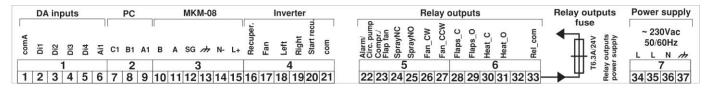
All relays outputs are connected to appropriate clamps in power electric switch board (KRO) with certain protection elements (fuse, contactor, relay) installed between. User must just connect cables which come from equipment in the chamber to adequate clamps in the KRO.

MKM-08 box is connected to MC-2000 via communication cable. It is also possible to connect inverter (frequency controller) for fans speed control. Inverters are connected to clamps in KRO. Each fan can be attached to separate inverter.

MC-2000 controller can be connected to a personal computer (PC). Communication standard RS-485 is used for all data transfers.



2.2. MC-2000 CONNECTION



Picture 2.2. MC-2000 clamps layout

Controller MC-2000 is not intended for "stand alone" operation like model MC-600 or MC-502R, but is instead delivered as an integrated part of switch board. It comes already wired to clamps in the switch board. All cables are connected via 3-pol and 6-pol clamps labeled with numbers 1 to 9 and connected to appropriate clamps of MC-2000.

User must connect equipment in the chamber to appropriate clamps in power electric switch board according to given layout and schemes provided with switch board.

Table 2.1. MC-2000 clamp connection layout

CLAMP LABEL	NUMBER/ CLAMP LABEL	CONNECTED TO CLAMP	FUNCTION	
Digital /	1/ comA	Flow fans, heat pumps 1-3 and temperature probe	Common contact	
Analogue (DA)	2/Di1	Voltage-free contact on switch for flow fan	Circulation fan operation control	
inputs	3/Di2	External pause (conv.)	External pause / Heat pumps operation control	
	3/15/12	Fan on compressor		
	4/Di3	Voltage-free contact on circulation pump	Circulation pump operation control	
	5/Di4	Voltage-free contact on switch for fan in flap or recuperator (conv.)	Fan in flap operation control / Recuperator operation control	
		Heat pump pressostat (cond.)	Recuperator operation control	
	6/Ai1	Temperature probe Pt1000	Input for temperature of incoming water, evaporator, etc.	
PC	7/C1	Communication ground	Ground	
	8,9/RS-485 (B1, A1)	RS-485 (B, A) on PC computer (RS adapter)	Pc computer communication	
MKM-08	10, 11,12 / RS-485 (B, A, SG)	RS-485 (B, A, SG) on MKM-08 box	Communication with MKM-08 box	
	13/ GND	GND on MKM-08 box	MKM-08 box ground	
	14/ N-	N- on MKM-08 box	MKM-08 box null	
	15 / L+	L+ on MKM-08 box	MKM-08 box power	
Inverter	16/Recuperator	Inverter for recuperator	DC voltage proportional to speed	
	17/Fan	Inverter for flow fan	DC voltage proportional to speed	
	18/Left	Inverter for flow fan	Left direction	
	19/Right	Inverter for flow fan	Right direction	
	20/Start recu.	Inverter for recuperator	Recuperator start	
	21/com	Inverter	Inverter ground	
Relay outputs	22/Alarm/Circ.pump	Alarm signal or circulation pump start	Alarm / Circulation pump	
• •	23/Compr. / Flap's fan	Switch for compressor or flap's fan inverter	Compressor or fan in flap ON	
	24/Spray_NC	Not connected	NC for spraying	
	25/Spray_NO	Spraying valve	Spraying valve open	
	26/Fan_CW	Switch for right direction of fans (in switch board)	Right direction of fans	
	27/Fan_CCW	Switch for left direction of fans (in switch board)	Left direction of fans	
	28/Flaps_C	Servo drive on flap	Servo flap closing	
	29/Flaps_O	Servo drive on flap	Servo flap opening	
	30/Heat_C	Heating valve	Heating valve closing	
	31/Heat_O	Heating valve	Heating valve opening	
	32	Not connected	Not connected	
	33/Rel_com	Control voltage from power switch board	Control voltage	
Power supply	34,35/L	Power cable line	MC-2000 power supply	
230V *	36/N	Power cable null	MC-2000 null	
	37/GND	Power cable ground	MC-2000 ground	

^{*} Digital inputs can be used for signaling the state of the various pieces of equipment. This shows the initial schedule, or it can be changed depending on the type of dryer and installed equipment.



2.3. MC-2000, MKM-08 AND DS-04t INTERCONNECTION

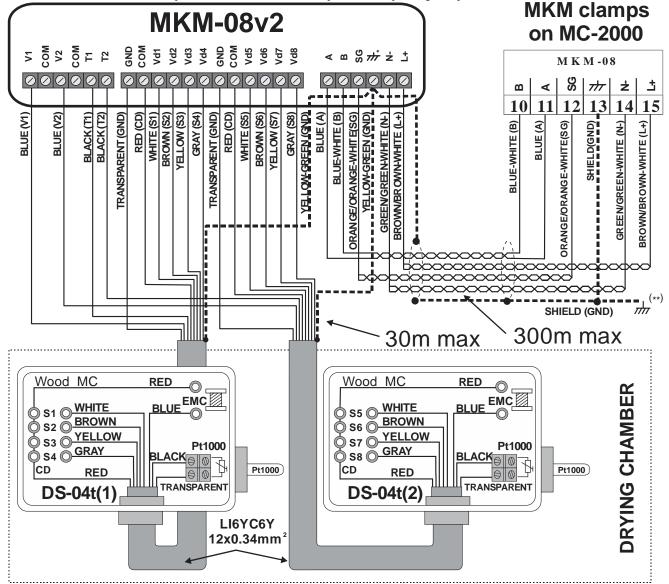
MKM-08 is a communication box that converts obtained measured values from EMC, MC and temperature probes and transfers converted data to MC-2000 controller. Conversion of the measured signals from the probes into a more suitable form, performed inside the MKM-08 box, is necessary for long-distance data transfer. Connection between MC-2000 and MKM-08 is carried out via communication cable SF/UTP CAT.5E 4 pairs or LIYCY 3x0.5mm², with the maximum distance between them of 300m. Special communication protocol for digital communications between these units has been developed by NIGOS developing team, according to standard RS-485.

Cables used for connecting system components (MC-2000, MKM-08 and DS-04t) must have appropriate length and diameter. They are connected according to the schematic on the figure 2.4. It shows clamps layout in each box. The clamps are available after removing protection cover. Cable colors are standard for the cables that are used and delivered by NIGOS-elektronik, and that rule should be obeyed whenever it is possible. In cable remain 4 unused wires – green, pink, violet and orange.

NOTES:

- 1. Measurement and communication cables from picture below should go separately from energy cables with minimal distance between them of 30 cm. In cases where these cables must cross energy cables, it is ONLY permitted to cross them at 90° (perpendicularly).
- 2. MKM-08 box must be grounded! When prefabricated panel chamber is used, ground MKM-08 box in near vicinity (*). When brick chamber is used, ground MKM-08 box at power electric board end (**). Communication (SF/UTP or LIYCY 3x0.5mm²) cable must be shielded and this shield must be connected to ground at one end only.

For standard MC-2000 configuration with 8 wood MC probes, settings should be as shown on the picture below. Important note is that here is shown connection to controller's clamps and not to switch board clamps, but corresponding clamps must be used in both situations.



Picture 2.4. Schematic of DS-04t to MKM-08 connection, and MKM-08 to MC-2000 communication cable connection

As shown on the picture 2.1, DS-04t boxes are installed inside the drying chamber. They are connected to MKM-08 via LI6YC6Y 12x0.34 mm². MKM-08 box is mounted on the outer wall of the kiln regarding that the distance (and the cable length) to both DS-04t boxes is as short as possible. Connecting boxes that way provides that all disturbances that affect data transmission of the temperature, EMC and MC data signals are reduced. Maximal length of the used connection cables is 30 m.



2.4. CONNECTION OF TEMPERATURE, EMC AND 8-POINTS MC MEASUREMENT SET

In the standard configuration, measuring set for temperature, EMC and 8-points wood MC is included with MC-2000 controller. This measuring set consists of one MKM-08 box, two boxes DS-04t, probes, sensors and appropriate cables.

DS-04t box is made to provide connection of temperature probe, equilibrium moisture content (EMC) probe and four wood moisture (MC) probes to communication box MKM-08. DS-04t boxes are placed inside the drying chamber, MKM-08 is placed outside.

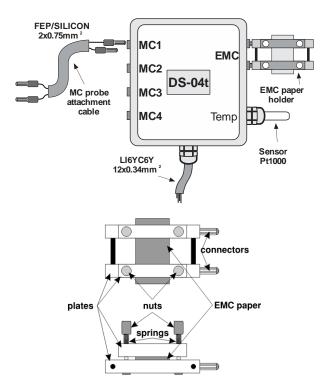
Temperature measurement: Temperature probe (sensor) Pt1000 is used for temperature measurement. This probe is mounted inside the DS-04t box in NIGOS factory, and is connected to printed circuit board UGL-01 which is also mounted inside the DS-04t box. See picture 2.4 for LI6YC6Y 12x0.34mm² cable connection.

Equilibrium Moisture Content (EMC) measurement: Two hole-plugs, marked EMC, are placed on the top of the DS-04t box. They are for connecting EMC paper holder and DS-04t box, as shown on picture 2.5. EMC paper is rectangular shaped and made of special hydroscopic material. Since one EMC paper-element is used for **ONE** drying cycle only, it should be discarded after it, and new one should be fitted when a new drying cycle starts. Certain amount of this paper (sufficient for exploitation in period of 1 to 2 years) is delivered to user upon delivery of

new drying cycle starts. Certain amount of this paper (sufficient for exploitation in period of 1 to 2 years) is delivered to user upon delivery of other equipment. Additional amounts of the paper are provided when needed or during regular service. Unused EMC paper should be stored on a dry and dark place.

EMC paper fitting sequence: Unscrew nuts on the paper holder, so the springs remain free. Place new EMC paper between aluminum plates. Screw nuts back to achieve good coherence between EMC paper and aluminum plates.

NOTE: EMC paper is used for ONLY ONE drying cycle. That means, after each drying cycle is finished, the old EMC paper should be discarded and replaced with new one according to given instructions



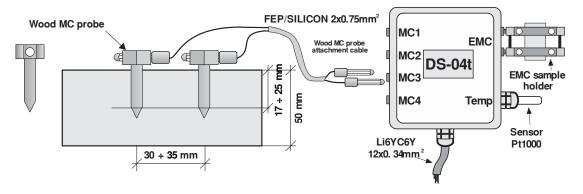
Picture 2.5. Connection of the measurement elements to DS-04t and EMC paper holder

Measurement of wood moisture content (MC) in 8 points: 8-points MC measurement set consists of 4 connection cables and a set of wood moisture probes. These probes are multiple-time-use INOX nails.

Drying process is primarily based on average wood MC that is obtained from 8 different measuring spots. Therefore, proper fitting of the probes in the wood and their symmetrical disposition inside the chamber is most important.

STAINLESS STEEL NAIL PROBES SET-UP (probes for multiple use):

These are stainless steel (INOX) - multiple use probes. After each drying cycle they must be carefully taken out of timber and saved for later use. They are replaced with new ones only in case of mechanical damage. Each MC probe has one pair of stainless steel nails. Recommended lengths of nails are: 30 mm used for lumber up to 40 mm thick (thin lumber); 45 mm used for lumber above 40 mm thickness (thick lumber). One pair of probes is used for each MC measurement point. Probes are hammered in the lumber perpendicularly to board at distance of 30 to 35 mm (optimally 32 mm). A pair of holes \emptyset 3.2 ($3 \div 3.5$) mm should be drilled in the lumber before hammering the probes. Depth should be 15 mm shorter than the probes' length. Probes should be than hammered into the holes whit paying attention that the depth of penetration must not be smaller than 1/3 of board depth (1/2 of board depth is best). In case when thin and soft lumber is used, user does not need to drill holes, but he can hammer the probes directly into the lumber. Probe cable is connected on the other side to the patch board (DS-04t) placed on the wall, inside the drying chamber.



Picture 2.6. Proper placement of INOX wood MC probes in 50mm board and connection to DS-04t box



3. OPERATION

3.1. MC-2000 FRONT PANEL LAYOUT

MC-2000 front panel includes:

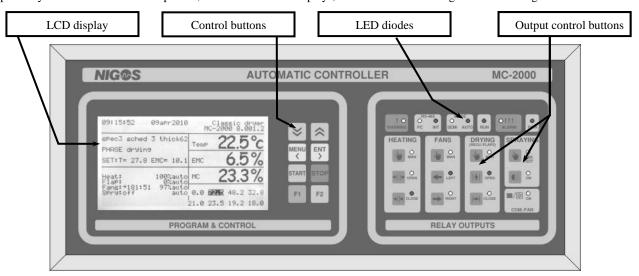
In section PROGRAM & CONTROL:

- One 16-rows x 40-characters LCD display (5 different languages supported)
- 8 control buttons (DOWN, UP, MENU, ENT, START, STOP, F1 and F2)

In section RELAY OUTPUTS

- 11 buttons for manual control of the outputs
- 17 LED diodes as indication of various states of controller and relay outputs

Front panel layout is shown on the next picture, while functions of displays, buttons and diodes are given in following text.



3.1.1. LCD display functions

LCD display has 16 rows with 40 characters in each row. During normal operation of the controller, this display shows all relevant messages regarding operation process for controller-user interaction. Sequential pressing of the button cycles few most often used menu options.

- First row shows time and date which is periodically replaced with selected type of dryer, manufacturer name and programmer signature.
- Second row shows software version. Symbol which describes access level is displayed bellow date. If there is no symbol controller is locked. If there is a symbol **2** shown, then access to advance settings is enabled. Look chapter 3.8 for more information and details.
- Fourth row displays selected parameters for wood type, drying regime and wood thickness.
- Sixth row describes current phase of drying process
- Eighth row displays set points for temperature (\top) and equilibrium moisture content (\Box † \Box).
- Eleventh to fifteenth row display control equipment state in form label / state / mode.
 - Mode can be ⊒uto or manual operating mode is selected
 - Opening percentage is displayed for heating and flaps (dampers) output
- State for fans can be: stopped (=====), paused (x), working left (<) or working right (>). Aside from this, remaining operation or pause time and fan speed (if inverter is installed) is displayed. If user has set the fan speed manually, then fan mode is displayed as ====i.
- 99:54:58 09aPr2010

 spec3 sched12 thick50

 PHASE heating

 SET:T= 23.2 EMC= 17.0

 Heat: 0%auto
 Flap: 0%auto
 Fans: +239:00 100%auto
 Spry:off auto
- For spraying and compressor output state displays phase of active function and remaining / elapsed operating time. In case ECON mode is selected for compressor, label \sqsubseteq will be displayed. Display for compressor can be replaced with display for fan in flap (if installed instead of compressor).
- Last row displays standard messages (operation progress) and warnings and alarm situation if one occur.



3.1.2. Temperature, EMC and wood MC display

Right section of LCD display always show currently measured temperature (Temp), equilibrium moisture content (Temp) and average wood moisture content (Temp) in the drying chamber. Below is a section where actual MC value from each wood MC probes is displayed.

In case displays for temperature and EMC show label 5nb it indicates that appropriate probes are not connected, or improper values are measured. In that case alarm is activated.

Temp 50.1	21.9°c	
EMC 7.9	11.2%	,
MC 10.0	15.7%	2

25.2 **0.0 35.8** 6.7 25.3 15.5 **0.0** 5.6

<i>Table 3.1.</i>	Temperature,	EMC and	wood MC	display
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Table 3.1. Temperature, Evic and wood vic display			
LCD DISPLAY LABEL	DISPLAYS		
Temperature (T⊕r)	Display is in range -20°C to 120°C: - From -20.0 to 99.9°C display has one decimal point - From 100 to 120°C display show integer values	Shows average value of measured air temperature obtained from active temperature probes (1 or 2)	
Equilibrium moisture content (=: "")	Display is in range 0.0% to 30.0% with one decimal point	Shows average value of measured equilibrium moisture content obtained from active EMC probes (1 or 2)	
Wood moisture content (判算)	Display is in range 0.0% to 100% with one decimal point for values under 100%	Shows average value from all active probes (up to 8)	
Measurement point	Display is in range 0.0% to 100% with one decimal point for values under 100%	Shows wood moisture obtained from each MC probe. Active probes are normally shown (black numbers on light background), while passive probes are shown inversely (black background with light numbers). Probe which is turned off is shown with dashes.	

3.1.3. Buttons function

Pressing some of the 8 buttons placed on the controller's front panel activates: parameter adjustments, starting or stopping of the system, etc.

MENU (- Used for ENTER/EXIT into menus and CANCEL unwanted changes.
ENT	- CONFIRMATION of menu option selection and parameter change acceptance.
	- INCREASES the value of currently selected parameter or LIST menu options upwards.
>	- DECREASE the value of currently selected parameter or LIST menu options downwards.
START	- System START-UP, i.e. starts drying process.
STOP	- Short press on the button cause system SHUT-DOWN, i.e. stops drying process Long press on the button cause system PAUSE, i.e. pause drying process
F1	 In standard display mode - resets all alarms if there are any. During event history display - switches from basic to extended view mode and vice versa. In regime display mode copies the antecede value
F2	- Cycles most important menu options (displays required temperature and EMC values if the process is started in automatic mode / menu Probes MC / menu Control / return to basic display mode).



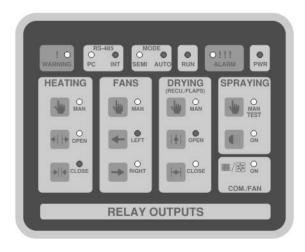
3.2. "RELAY OUTPUTS" FRONT PANEL SECTION

Group of buttons and diodes in "**RELAY OUTPUTS**" section of the controller are used for manual control of kilns equipment, as well as indication of their state.

This section include:

- 11 buttons for manual control
- 20 LED diodes for indication of output's states.

Front panel layout is shown on the next picture, while buttons and LED functions are explained separately, afterwards.



3.2.1. Buttons function

Pressing some of the buttons on RK-08A front panel will activate appropriate function (indicated by appropriate LED diode flashing). Pressing again will cancel the function. Buttons' functions are given in next table:

	- Manual mode activation for outputs: heating (HEAT), flow fans (FANS) and flaps (dampers) (FLAPS)		
	- This button has double function for spraying output (SPRAY). First pressing activates manual spraying control (diode is constantly lit). With second pressing controller enters testing mode for sprayers (diode flashes) - spraying output is periodically activated and paused until the button is pressed again and spraying output is turned off.		
4 >	- Heating valve opening.		
→ ←	- Heating valve closing.		
—	- Left direction of flow fans	1	There is a pause before each direction change, which is indicated by
\rightarrow	- Right direction of flow fans	<u>}</u>	flashing of diode FANS > MAN
	- Drying flaps (dampers) opening		
	- Drying flaps (dampers) closing		
	- Activation of spraying valve		



3.2.2. Signaling LED diodes

There are 8 LEDs which indicate controller's states during operation.

! O WARNING	- flashing of diode WARNING (!) indicates the presence of some warning situations
RS-485 PC INT	- diodes RS-485 (PC or INT) indicate communication activity (with PC or communication unit MKM-08)
MODE	- diode AUTO indicates automatic operation mode of the controller
SEMI AUTO	- diode SEMIAUTO indicates semi-automatic operation mode of the controller
	- flashing of diode RUN indicates beginning of the drying process (measuring phase)
RUN	- later, it lights constantly until drying process is finished or system is stopped
O!!! ALARM	- diode ALARM (!!!) indicates the presence of some alarm situation which pauses drying process
OPWR	- diode PWR indicate that power supply is connected to controller

LED diode placed next to each button indicate activity on corresponding output. When lit, output is active. When turned off, output is inactive. Only exception from this behavior have:

- diode next to button for manual control of **spraying** output which flashes when spraying system testing mode is active.
- diode for manual change of fan's direction which flashes during pause between direction change and
- diode for compressor / fan in dumper output which flashes while waiting for operation confirmation or pause.

3.3. PARAMETER SETTINGS

	Free access	Code protected access	
	Dryin9 param	Dryin9 Param	Drying parameter setting
	Probes	Probes	Probes state setting
	Control	Control	Displays measured temperature and EMC from all probes as well as temperature on control inputs
	History	History	Displays archived data
MENU	Statistics	Statistics	Displays statistical data
		REGIMES	Regimes overview and setting
	SETUP	SETUP	Controller setup
	Kiln type	Kiln type	Kiln type setting
		Oscillation dryin9	Oscillation drying mode selection
	Access	Access	Access level setting



3.3.1. Option: Drying parameters



This option is used for drying parameters setting. Buttons and are used for parameter scrolling (display is now as shown on the picture), pressing the button will select the parameter, and changing of the parameter value is performed using buttons and cancel performed change, press the button and to confirm the change, press the button.

After all desired changes are made and confirmed, press the button to exit this option and return to upper sub-menu. These parameters can be changed even during drying process.

It is required to set all parameters from this option when automatic drying mode is used. For semi-automatic mode only correct setting of WEED TYPE parameter is required.

Following table shows all parameters in this option.

Table 3.2. Parameters of Drving param option

PARAMETER LABEL	DESCRIPTION	RANGE OF PARAMETER VALUES	DEFAULT VALUE
OPERATING MODE	Operating mode	semi, auto	auto
TIMEER GROUP	Type of wood. Measurements will be made according to this value (see Table 3.3.)	1, 2, 3, 4	3
SCHEDULE	Schedule (regime) according to which drying will be controlled	From 1 to 20	1
THICKNESS/mm	Lumber thickness	From 20 to 80 mm	59
HEAT TIME/h	Time to maintain certain temperature during pre-heating phase	From ② to 1②② h (adjustable in 1 h steps)	0
FIRE MC	Final wood moisture that has to be achieved at the end of drying	From 5.0% to 32.0% (adjustable in 0.1% steps)	13.0
EQUALIZATION	Allow equalization phase during drying	ro, 1, 1.5, 2, 3	no
Conditioning phase permission		' 4 85, NO	no

3.3.1.1. Parameter: OPERATING MODE

This parameter defines in which mode the controller will operate. When it is set to **automatic mode**, the controller will follow the selected drying schedule (regime). In **semiautomatic mode**, the user must set desired values for air temperature and humidity, and the controller will maintain them at the constant level. There are two diodes below LCD that display selected mode all the time. For semiautomatic mode LED **SEMI** is lit, while LED **AUTO** is lit when automatic mode is selected.

3.3.1.2. Parameter: TIMBER GROUP

It is necessary to define the type of the wood that is dried in order to achieve proper wood moisture content (MC) measurement. All wood species are divided into 4 groups, which are given in the next table.

Table 3.3. Table of wood types and related groups of wood species according to which the MC measurement is made

WOOD	WOOD	
TYPE	SPECIES	
1	Zebrano, Cork, Rubber Tree	
2	Beech, Poplar, Lime, Iroko, Niangon, Ebony, Olive	
S	Pine, Ash, Birch, Larch, Locust, Acacia, Mahogany, Oak, Sappeli, Walnut, Maple, Chestnut, various fruit trees	
4	Dibetou, Kapur, Sipo, Utile	

3.3.1.3. Parameter: SCHEDULE

Parameter A is used to select schedule (drying regime) that will be used in drying process control. Schedule can follow automatic drying based on measured wood MC or time. Each regime defines temperature and EMC curves (relations between chosen parameter - T or EMC, and time), fan's speed, temperature gradient for heating, temperature and humidity setpoints for conditioning phase and duration of the conditioning phase. All schedules are made for lumber thickness of 50 mm. Changing of the regimes is available only at advanced access level, using options A is from main menu.

Upon drying process start-up, controller will automatically adjust drying process to selected schedule and kiln type.



Table 3.4. Table of drying regimes pre-defined by "NIGOS - elektronik"

WOOD SPECIES	Crown	FACTORY REGIMES				
WOOD SPECIES	Group	Very slow	Slow	Average	Fast	Very fast
Fir, Spruce	3	17	22	27	28	30
Pine	3	16	21	22	28	30
Larch	3	16	21	22	28	30
Beech, steamed	2	16	17	18	19	24
Beech, natural	2	11	12	13	14	15
Beech, white	2	/	3	4	5	10
Oak, slavonian	3	6	11	12	13	19
Oak, sessile	3	2	3	4	9	14
Ash	3	7	11	12	14	20
Poplar	2	11	17	21	22	28
Linden	2	11	16	17	18	23
Birch	3	11	16	17	18	23
Cherry	3	11	12	17	18	20
Acacia	3	11	12	17	18	19
Walnut	3	11	12	17	18	19
Mahogani	3	11	12	17	22	23
Samba	2	21	22	27	28	34

	DEDICATED REGIMES			
CONVENTIONAL DRYER	Slow	Average	Fast	
Softwood	41	42	43	
Beech, steamed	44	45	46	
Oak, sessile	47	48	49	
Douglas	11	41	42	
Lamella < 10 mm	50	56	57	
DEHUMIDIFYING DRYER	Slow	Average	Fast	
Softwood	53	54	55	
Soft hardwood	52	53	54	
Hard hardwood	52	52	53	
Lamella < 10 mm		56	57	
Lamella by EMC (without wood probes)		58		

IMPORTANT WARNING FOR USING PRE-DEFINED SCHEDULES!!

Drying regimes which are inserted in controller's memory by default (schedule 1 to 12) are based on both significant practice knowledge of drying wood and laboratory testing made in well-known wooden industries. Since there are many factors that can influence drying process such as wood origin, quality of wood, wood surface conditions, stock height, stock assemblage, etc... - drying characteristics for certain lumber can differ from the one used for creating schedule. That is why we recommend strict monitoring of drying process to achieve both maximum efficiency in drying progress and proper parameter settings for **your** type of wood.

NIGOS - elektronik do not accept responsibility for any faults on the timber (bent, crack, twist, etc...) or any accidental situation during drying process caused by either operator's negligence or disregarding process, even when the manufacturer's pre-defined drying regime is used.

3.3.1.4. Parameter: THICKNESS/mm

This parameter defines average thickness of the lumber, which is to be dried. It is necessary to set this parameter value properly for normal progress of drying process. Drying schedules and curves are pre-defined for lumber 50 mm thick. Thinner lumber require faster schedule and vice versa, for thicker lumber drying schedule should be slowed down. Adjusting the parameter value to actual lumber thickness (if possible) provides that the controller performs all rest relevant schedule settings automatically.

Speeding of drying process for thickness lower then 50 mm is done by following:

- values for moisture curve are decreased
- temperature ramp ratios are increased.

Slowing of drying process for thickness higher then 50 mm is done by following:

- values for moisture curve are increased,
- temperature ramp ratios are decreased.

Calculations are made in percentage relative to the thickness in millimeters.



3.3.1.5. Parameter: HEAT TIME/h

Drying of certain wood species (especially certain exotic species and hard woods) require core heating, i.e. it is required to equal wood core temperature with surface temperature. When drying temperature is achieved (during heating phase), this parameter can be used to set the time for which the controller will maintain this temperature before allowing drying to start. Parameter value is in hours (0 to 100 h in steps of 1 h). After each drying cycle is over, this parameter is reset to 0 (off).

3.3.1.6. Parameter: FINAL MC

Defines desired final wood moisture content value at the end of the drying process.

3.3.1.7. Parameter: EQUALIZATION

Determines if equalization will be performed during drying and the range of equalization. It is applied on active probes only. If value is selected, automatic controller will not perform equalization. If for example, value 2 is selected, then controller will try to maintain that all probes are within final wood MC $\pm 2\%$ from it.

NOTE: This function can significantly extend drying time and successful ending depends on the ability of wood dryer to provide desired conditions!

3.3.1.8. Parameter: CONDITIONING

Parameter CANDITICNING defines whether conditioning phase will be performed after drying phase or not. Relevant parameters that define this phase closely are given within the selected schedule.

3.3.2. Option: Probes MC

Prob	es MC	
MC 1	29.06	activ
MC 2	20.28	activ
m. 4	10.04 27.47	activ activ
MC 5	8.54	Pasiv
MC 6	25.27	no
MC 8	20.71 19.23	activ activ
Calc	mode/MC	- avė
Auto	cut off/	% 40

This option shows measured value and state of all MC probes labeled with 11 1 1 1 1 1 2. Attached probes will be listed here with shown state for each probe (active or passive). To list probes, use

and and select one by pressing after which it is possible to change the probe's

state using buttons and . To confirm change of the probe state button must be pressed.

Active state of the probe indicates that information (MC or temperature) received from MKM-08 from this probe will be taken in count. **Passive state** indicates that this value is discarded in average value calculation.

When drying is selected, average value is calculated based on the data received only from active probes and drying process is controlled based on this value. Controller does not allow putting all the probes in passive state. At least one of them must be active.

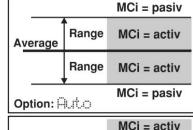
It is possible to turn off certain probes from poling and listing when controller is unlocked. In that

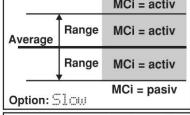
case pressing button will set the probe in passive state, and next pressing on the button turns the probe off.

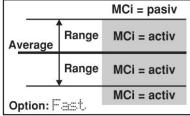
Parameter Dalo Modernines how average wood MC is calculated. It can be calculated as average (A.A), auto (A.A.), slow (Slow) and fast (Fast.). Additional calculation of average wood MC according to which drying process is run as well as setting the state of wood MC probes in either active or passive state depends on value of parameter A.A. CAR CAR according to following principle:

- Pure: Value for wood MC is calculated as average value of probes that are set in active state. Passive probes are not taken into calculation. User sets probes in active or passive state by himself (manually).
- Flato: This option will automatically put in passive state all probes that measure too high or too low values. Principle is following: Controller will collect values from all probes and calculate average of all probes. This value is increased and decreased by value of parameter Flato cat offer to define upper and lower range. All probes (**1 to **100**) which have values within this range are set in active state, while all probes that are outside this range are set into passive state. New average is then calculated based on active probes and it becomes valid average for running the drying process. Controller puts probes in active or passive state automatically.
- Sign: This option is used to slow down drying process. When selected it will automatically set to passive state all probes that measure too low moisture content. Those are probes that measure MC bellow lower range defined by parameter Auto cut. of fire.
- Fast: This option is used to speed up drying process. When selected it will automatically set to passive state all probes that measure too high moisture content. Those are probes that measure MC above higher range defined by parameter Futo cut. off.

Option Probes In can be accessed directly with pressing of the button

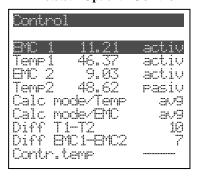








3.3.3. Option: Control



LED displays always show **average value** for temperature and EMC. Option Control gives overview of current measurement values for all temperature and EMC probes and control inputs. Each probe can be set to passive or active state, with limitation that at least one temperature and at least one EMC probe must be always active. Same like in the option Probes, it is possible to turn off certain probes from poling and listing.

If only one temperature/EMC probe is installed, then for the one that is not attached, label "afff" is displayed. In case the probe measure fault value, label "affff" is displayed.

Parameters Calc mode/Temp and Calc mode/Ent determine how average temperature and EMC will be calculated. It can be calculated as minimum (min), maximum (max) or average (a.43).

Parameters Diff T1—T2 and Diff = T0.1—T0.2 define allowed difference of temperature and EMC reading between installed probes. If difference is greater than this value, warning will be displayed.

Below this, control temperatures are displayed. When the control probe is attached and measures temperature in the range -25 to 200 °C, measured value is displayed. Otherwise, label "———" is displayed. There are 4 control inputs for temperature measurement.

If the controller is unlocked, it is possible to turn off probes from listing. Press the button to set the probe into passive state, and press the

button again to turn off the probe. Probes should be turned off only if they are not installed or malfunctioning.

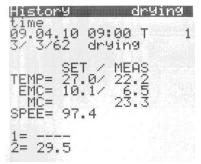
Option Control can be accessed directly with pressing of the button

3.3.4. Option: History

Controller will store data essential for drying progress reconstruction in certain time interval. User can set this time to 2, 3, 4 or 6 hours. Beside saving data in equal time interval, controller also saves critical data upon each start-up and always when certain alarm situation which cause drying process pause. Controller's memory can store more than 15.000 records, which is enough for more than 2 years or normal operation of dryer. When the memory is full, oldest records will be overwritten first, then newer ones.

When this option is opened, only simple (short) overview is available. Push the button to see extended (complete) view of history. Button

lists older data, while button lists newly dated records.



Simple view:

- First row informs the user that history is selected.
- Second row explains type of record: timing or restarting.
- Third row displays time of archiving and drying turnus ordinal (only when user level access is enabled).
- Forth row shows information regarding selected wood type, chosen regime and wood thickness (T/R/D). In semiautomatic mode, label "\(\subseteq\)" is displayed for chosen regime. Phase of the process is displayed next.
- Set/measured temperature (下門), equilibrium moisture content (田門), average wood MC (門) and set speed for fans (吳田) are displayed below.
- If there are any control temperature inputs connected to system, measured temperatures are displayed below labeled with 1 to 4 for each input.



Complete history view:

Complete history view shows all data shown when simple history view is selected, plus a lot more. All wood MC probes are listed here (1:0). If any probe is set to passive state, then the label 0 is shown behind the measured value. Also, values from each temperature probe (1:0) as well as EMC probes (1:0) are shown. In addition, mode of operation (1:0) is shown for each control output.

Pressing the button [F1] can switch views from simple to complete and vice versa in any time.

3.3.5. Option: Statistics

Several statistical parameters regarding dryer operation are shown here. Upper part of the display shows total operational time of the fans, sprayers and compressor. Time is shown in minutes. Lower part displays same data, but only for last drying cycle. Last row shows number of drying cycles (drying cycle ordinal).



3.3.6. Option: SETUP

	slobodan pristup	pristup sa šifrom	
		System	parameters of drying system
		S prayin 9	parameters of spraying system
	Compressor	Compressor	parameters of compressor
SETUP		Recuperator	parameters of additional equipment for drying
	Fans	Fans	parameters of fan control
		Time/Date	setup for current time and date
		IO device	setup for comunication

3.3.6.1. Option: SETUP > Compressor



Ova opcija je namenjena kondenzacionim sušarama gde je instaliran kompresor. Opcijom Econ mod aktivira se ili isključuje eko mod rada kompresora.

3.3.6.2. *Option:* **SETUP** > *Fans*



This option displays status of the fans and gives options for their setup.

Parameter Change direct. ? enables change of fans (and consequently air flow) direction. After this option is activated by setting was, fans will stop, wait for pause time to pass and then start rotating in the opposite direction.

When parameter set. Spee is set to setto, user can not set fan speed, but instead controller determine fan speed according to selected drying regime. When set to set in speed regardless the automatic mode.

For direction change to have an effect, appropriate equipment that support it must be installed. Same applies for speed regulation which require inverter to be installed.

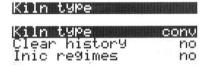
Parameter Set. Speed Seminal enables manual setting of fan speed in percentage (0 ÷ 100%). Parameter Rear periodimin defines reversion time in minutes. Fans will rotate in one direction and change it (reverse) after this time. Fan False min defines length of pause between change. Parameter Max speed at defines maximum operating speed of fans in percentage (0 - 100%).

This option becomes visible only after controller is unlocked at user access level.

It is possible to set different time for reversion during spraying. The reason is that more frequent reversion of fans during spraying provide more uniform humidification of timber. Parameter Served will override setting of parameter Rear when spraying is active. If value of parameter Served with rear is set to rear, then there is no change of reversion time set by parameter Rear reprinting. But if the value is set to 10 to 60 minutes, it will over-ride the setting defined by Rear reprinting and will become valid time for fan's reversion period when spraying is active.

Below these parameters, fans status is displayed. Fans can be: stopped ((**), paused (**), rotating counter-clockwise - left (**) or clockwise - right (**). Next to this state, remaining time for operation or pause is displayed. Number in percentage represent current fan speed in case frequency inverter is installed. In case fans speed is manually entered, last label in this row displays service.

3.3.7. Option: Kiln type

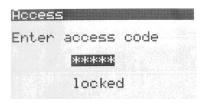


This option defines kiln type and consequently the way controller operate. Possible values for parameter 长江市 也需要 are conventional (江南) or dehumidifying (江南).

Parameter Clear history deletes all records in history.

Parameter Inic regimes return all regimes to their factory default settings.

3.3.8. Option: Access



Option **Access** is used for setting access level to the unit and its options and parameters as well. Entering correct access code unlocks the unit and makes access to advanced level possible. Symbol which describes access level is displayed bellow date. If there is no symbol - controller is locked. If there is a symbol **2** shown, then access to advance settings is enabled.

More details regarding this option are available in Chapter 3.8.1.



3.4. OPERATING MODES

3.4.1. Automatic, semiautomatic and manual mode

3.4.1.1. Automatic mode

To select automatic mode, go to MENU > Draing param option, then choose Operating mode parameter end select auto.

In automatic mode, before starting the drying process, user must set all parameters in the latest parameters in the latest parameters are very important, because on the basis of those data and chosen regime unit can lead the drying process and determine required setpoints in every moment. Some of these parameters can be changed during process.

Drying process runs according to chosen drying regime. 20 different regimes can be defined, but only 8 of them are user-programmable. On advanced access level, user or authorized person can define drying regimes according to expert's claims. After the start of drying process

(performed by pressing the button start by selecting - in the situation is urgent.), user should survey system periodically. It is recommended that user register any alarm situation timely, and to take action in accordance with emergency procedure (described in Chapter 3.7) if the situation is urgent.

3.4.1.2. Semiautomatic mode

To choose semiautomatic mode, go to The Indiana parameters in option, then choosing Operating the parameter end select semi. In semiautomatic mode, user must set only two parameters in option The User parameters. Semiautomatic mode and wood type must be selected. Remaining parameters in this option are not relevant for controller operation in semiautomatic mode. Immediately after semiautomatic mode is selected, controller gives the user opportunity to adjust set values for temperature and EMC (Setter the User opportunity to adjust set values for temperature and EMC (Setter the User opportunity). User must set these parameters based on the personal experience and wood MC measured by controller. To enable parameter setting, LCD display must be in text or graphic basic display mode.

Pressing the button cycles through selection of temperature and EMC which is labeled in inverse color of selected parameter. Value adjustment is performed using buttons and . To confirm parameter change, button must be pressed. After desired values for temperature and EMC in semiautomatic operation mode are entered, user must press button to exit adjustment option, which is automatically happening if no button is pressed for 4 minutes.

In semiautomatic mode, user must periodically check actual values for temperature and EMC in the chamber and wood MC and based on these data, update set values for temperature and EMC. Set value for temperature can be in range 0 °C to 70 °C (up to 100 °C on user request), while EMC can be set in range 0% EMC to 30% EMC. In semiautomatic mode, there is no heating phase - drying phase starts immediately. User himself decide when to end drying, and weather he wants conditioning phase (and sets conditioning parameters).

MC-2000 will control heating valves and drying flaps on his own, so alarm situations may occur, and if does, user should register them and if necessary make interventions according to instructions given in Chapter 3.6.

3.4.1.3. Changing of operating mode (auto to semiauto and vice versa)

Changing of operating mode is available in Mall - Drains option by choosing CPERTING MILE end selecting desired mode as parameter. When you change operating mode **from automatic to semiautomatic**, controller preserves last calculated temperature and EMC setpoints from automatic mode, so activity of control outputs stays same like before the change. When you activate **automatic mode from semiautomatic**, controller turns off all outputs for about 20 seconds (reduced measuring phase) and after that it calculates new setpoint values and proceed with operation.

3.4.1.4. Manual mode

Manual mode is available through the group of buttons located on RK-08A box (i.e. right side of the MC-2000 controller labeled with "**RELAY OUTPUTS**". Disregarding current operating <u>mode</u>, at any time of drying process you can choose manual control of **heating**, **drying**

or **spraying** function by pushing corresponding button for each output separately. Short pressing of the button always change the state of output (turn on/off). If the output is turned off, and button is pressed and hold down, output will become active (turn on). As soon as the button is released, output will be deactivated (turned off).

There is no need to set all outputs to manual mode, but only the one that is related to output we want to control manually. During this time, automatic control unit stays in selected operating mode.

There are two buttons related to output for heating valve (one for opening, one for closing the valve), two for output for flaps (opening and closing) and also two for fans direction change (left and right).

Spraying system has a little different setting. Button for spraying has double function: first pressing activates spraying system (LED diode is lit constantly), while second pressing will evoke spraying test (LED diode flashes) during which output will be automatically turned on and off until button is pressed again and spraying test ended.

All outputs are activated (turned on) after first press of appropriate button (LED diode is lit), and stay active until they are deactivated after second press of button (LED diode turned is turned off).



3.5. DRYING PROCESS START UP

OPERATING MODE	auto	When all required parameters for drying process are set, system can be started by pressing the button
WOOD TYPE	3	After this, all parameters are displayed above the question Start. School ?. Default value
SCHEDULE	3	is always roo. User can check all relevant parameters once more and if everything is all right, use
THICKNESS/mm	62	the buttons and to change the answer to to change the answer to to change the answer to the change by pressing the
HEAT TIME/h	0	button . After that system is started. If you do not want to start drying, you can either choose
FINAL MC	13.0	answer and press the button or press the button no matter which answer is chosen.
CONDITIONING	no	
Stant, dryen 2	no	

3.6. STOPPING DRYING PROCESS

STOP
While system is running, you can stop the drying process by pressing the button. After pressing this button, automatic control unit
responds with showing drying parameters and asks: Stop drying Default answer is ro. You can accept offered answer by pressing either
with selected answer fig., or button to continue the process, or choose answer with selected answer fig., or and confirm it by
ENT
pressing the button to immediate stop drying process. After that, all control outputs turns off and process is stopped.

We emphasize that the system should be stopped that way only if user considers the drying process is finished. If you want to stop drying process temporary, you can switch off power supply to stop the drying. After restoring power, the unit continues process automatically from where it was interrupted.

3.7. PAUSING DRYING PROCESS

Sometimes is needed to pause drying process without stopping whole system. Pausing just drying can be done by long pressing button when drying is already active and when controller displays main menu. Pressing this button, pause drying process and display current phase as Fhase as well as text! Fassed! at bottom of display. After that, all outputs are turned off and drying process is paused. Valves and flaps will be closed. System leaves paused mode and continues process after process start-up as it is described in Chapter 3.5 in this manual.

Pausing system is very similar to power cut or stopping, but difference is that starting of invertors and flow fans is available if system is paused, not stopped. Another, more important difference is that pausing will not increment number of drying cycles, while stopping will increment it.

3.8. WARNINGS AND ALARM SITUATIONS

During drying process some unwanted situations could occur. The unit is programmed so that it could recognize some irregular situations and announce them by showing certain messages on LCD. If the unit can identify the problem, it shows a proper message in the last row of LCD. Simultaneously, LED indicator! (WARNING) blinks to notify the warning state. These warnings don't stop drying process, but make user pay attention to the situation and take action. Simultaneously with light indication, controller activates sound alarm output. Sound alarm is active certain period of time, and then deactivated, while light warnings are shown on display as long as the situation is present, or until the message is revoked.

The warning can be cancelled by pressing the button.

Alarm situation causes pause of the drying process, because the ensued situation does not allow the process to be continued. Simultaneously with announcing the situation, LED indicator !!! (ALARM) blinks and alarm output (that can activate either sound or light signalization) turns on. In that case, user must intervene to revive the system, if possible. In case user can not find out a reason for alarm, user should contact

manufacturer or authorized person that maintain the system. Pressing the button resets alarm output.

Alarm message is present on LCD until the reason of alarm is eliminated. Pressing the button can revoke the alarm message, but it will be activated again if the reason of alarm persists. In that case, user should apply defined procedure for eliminating alarm situation that is presented in table 3.6. After the alarm reason is eliminated, the unit passes a new measuring phase and continues the drying process until desired values are reached.

Whenever an alarm situation is ensued, some data are stored in system archives. This leaves an option for subsequent examination of archive, which can help discovering the problem.

If more then one either warnings or alarms ensue during process at the same time, they will be displayed on LCD alternately every 2 seconds. All alarm and warning messages that can appear on LCD during drying process are given in next table. Also, there are some procedures that the unit performs independently, or either user or authorized person should perform to eliminate the problem.



Table 3.6. List of possible warning and alarm messages

MESSAGE	TYPE	MESSAGE DESCRIPTION AND RECOMMENDED ACTIONS
fan failwre?	Warning	There is a problem (or problems) in functioning of one or more fans. Activities of fans are always checked at start of drying process. These messages don't cause the system pausing. Authorized person should check
		notified fans.
flærs fan ?	Warning	There is a problem with fans in flaps. Activities of fans are always checked at start of drying process.
		These messages don't cause the system pausing. Authorized person should check notified fans.
teme holdback HI teme holdback LO	Warning	In case that measured value exceeds allowed deviation of setpoint, one of these warnings on LCD appears. All outputs are operational, but drying process is stopped until the warning is active. In that case, you should compare temperature value in the kiln, shown on LCD, with a manually obtained value, if it is possible. Check the temperature probes and the rest of equipment in the kiln. If needed, consult authorized person.
-overheat	Alarm	This alarm activates when temperature in the kiln becomes higher than maximal drying temperature (Max drains temp) for more than 10 °C. It causes system pausing. Only cooling is enabled during that state. When temperature drops to Max drains temperature 2 °C, controller will continue drying. Check the heating valve. Consult authorized person.
-urderheat	Alarm	This alarm activates when temperature in the kiln becomes lower than minimal drying temperature (Min the indicate) for more than 2 °C. It causes system pausing. Both cooling and drying are disabled. Check the heating boiler and valve. Consult authorized person.
temp low for sprayin9	Warning	Temperature has dropped bellow minimum at which spraying is allowed. Find the reason for temperature drop.
diff templ—temp2 ?	Warning	If both temperature probes are active, this warning will signal that there is great difference between them. User must check the temperature probes and find possible cause for this difference.
temp probe 1 ? temp probe 2 ?	Warning	One of the temperature probes is measuring improper value. If the other probe is working properly, the system discards the first one and continue working.
-temp probe ?	Alarm	Warning that both temperature probes failed and measurement is wrong. It causes system pausing and all equipment is shut down. Service is obligatory!
EMC holdback HI EMC holdback LO	Warning	These messages appear when measured EMC exceeds allowed limits. Check EMC probes, flaps and sprinklers.
diff emc1-emc2?	Warning	If both EMC probes are active, this warning will signal that there is great difference between them. User must check the EMC probes and find possible cause for this difference.
enc probe 1 ? enc probe 2 ?	Warning	Signalizing that one of the EMC probes is measuring improper value. If the other probe is working properly, the system discards the first one and continue working.
-emc probe ?	Alarm - in drying, conditioning and pre-heat phase. Warning - in other phases	Warning that both EMC probes failed and measurement is wrong. It causes system pausing and all equipment is shut down. Service is obligatory!
wood probe \times ? $(x = 1 \div 8)$	Warning	Signalizing that one of the wood MC probes (1 of 8) is measuring improper value. Set this probe to passive state and continue working. At least one probe must stay active.
-wood probes error	Alarm - in automatic mode. Warning - in semiautomatic mode	All wood MC probes measure incorrect values. Check wood MC probes, connection cables and connection boxes. In semiautomatic mode, this alarm has no influence.
commessor temp	Warning	Temperature in the chamber is bellow minimal temperature required for compressor operation. Find the reason for low temperature.
compr \times malfunction $(x = 1 \div 3)$	Warning	Warning that compressor x (from 1 to 3) is malfunctioning. Call authorized service or NIGOS. Service is obligatory!
-compress error -compress malfunction	Warning	Compressors won't start or they have turned off during operation. Call authorized service or NIGOS. Service is obligatory!
-com error MM	Alarm	Messages reporting error in communication between controller and MKM box. Possible causes are equipment malfunction (MKM box) or split communication cable.

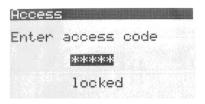
B. Nikolica-Serjoze 12, 18000 Nis, Serbia; Phone/Fax:+38118 211-212, 217-468; office@nigos.rs; www.nigos.rs

-commernor PC	Warning	Messages reporting error in communication between controller and PC computer. Possible causes are equipment malfunction or split communication cable.
-S18 emor -SPI emor -boot emor -code emor -strings emor -CS1 memory emor	Warning	System messages. User has no influence and if these messages are reported by the controller, authorized service or NIGOS must be contacted immediately. Service is obligatory!
! Paced !	Alarm	Drying process has been started, but system is paused due to an alarm appearance. This message is shown on LCD whenever a warning that causes system pause is present.
Obligate service		Controller has detected some error and recommends obligatory service. Authorized service or NIGOS must be contacted immediately.

3.9. ADDITIONAL ADJUSTMENTS

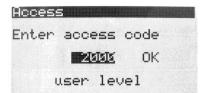
Controller MC-2000 has a number of functions that provide some additional adjustment. Due to possible irregular operation of the controller these functions are hidden, and regular user cannot access them, but only experience users and authorized personal. Access to this advanced access level is possible after a correct code is entered in the Figure option.

3.9.1. Option: Access



Option Access is used for setting access level to the unit and its options and parameters as well. Entering correct access code makes unlocking of the unit and progress to advanced level possible. As an indication that the control unit is unlocked, LCD in home view shows symbol placed bellow current time and date. While controller is locked, there is no display here.

When option Focass is activated, LCD shows message: Enter access code, 5 asterisks (*********) and current access level state (locked / Lieth level). If none of buttons is pressed within 50 seconds, system gets locked automatically. When user wants access to advanced level to be



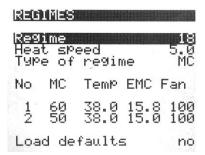
granted, correct value for access code must be set using the or buttons, and pressing the

button after that. Default value for access code (set by manufacturer) is 2000 and user can change it by using parameter Access Code, in the option MENUFORM. If the entered code is correct, message were level is displayed on LCD. In any other case the unit remains locked and home view is shown on LCD.

NOTE: User should use this option with extreme caution, because there are only three chances to enter the correct code. If you fail three times, controller will get permanently locked and you will not be able to unblock it at all (even entering correct code can not unblock it!). In that case you should contact either NIGOS or authorized person.



3.9.2. Option: REGIMES



Option REGIMES becomes visible when the controller is unlocked (correct code is entered in option Access 1evel).

This option defines regimes used in automatic operation mode for appropriate wood specie. Total of 20 regimes can be defined, where first 12 regimes are pre-defined by manufacturer and can not be changed, while remaining 8 are free for change according to user's needs. Changing of the particular regime is available only at advanced access level, using options FERIPES.

Each regime defines temperature and EMC curves (relations between chosen parameter - T or EMC, and time), temperature gradient for heating, minimal drying temperature, temperature and EMC setpoints for conditioning phase and duration of the conditioning phase. All regimes are made for

lumber thickness of 50 mm. User regimes must be also made for lumber 50mm thick because controller automatically change EMC curve, temperature gradient for heating and conditioning time. The thinner the boards, the faster the regime will be (EMC curve is steeper), and vice versa - for thicker boards, regime will be slowed down (EMC curve becomes milder).

Special situation occur when user has no data for lumber 50mm thick, but only for some other thickness he uses all the time. In that case he can make a regime using that data for that specific wood type and that specific thickness. But, in order to avoid change of the regime data, he must select thickness of 50 mm for parameter THICKNESS or option option option. Regime defined in this manner should be used ONLY for drying of that specific wood type and thickness.

Option REGIMES displays symbolic name and regime ordinal and temperature gradient during heating phase. Below is a table view of temperature curves (下京), EMC curves (田市) and fan speed (下京) for specific wood MC (中心). Conditioning parameters are displayed at the bottom: duration of the conditioning phase (西京), temperature (西京), EMC (田市) and fans speed during conditioning phase

(Fara). Use buttons and to list all parameters (showed in inverse). Press the button to change the value of the selected parameter. Use buttons and to set the parameter value, and confirm the change by pressing button. Pressing the button will cancel any change made to selected parameter and return to previous menu.

Table 3.7. Parameters of REGIME option

PARAMETER LABEL	DESCRIPTION	RANGE OF PARAMETER VALUES	DEFAULT VALUE
Regime	Regime ordinal	From 1 to 60 (40)	1
Heat speed (°C/h)	Rate at which heating temperature will raise (heating temperature ramp rate) given in °C per hour	From @. 1 °C/h to 10. 0 °C/h	2.5
Type of regime	Description of type of regime. Can be wood MC or time based.	MC, TIME	
	Number of column in selected regime. 2 columns are displayed. Ordinals 1 to 12 show parameters of regime, while last column (Cond) show conditioning parameters. NOTE: When conditioning parameters are shown, first value is duration of conditioning phase (instead of MC).	From 1 to 12, Cond	qued
性 (點) (in 5% steps) *	Specific wood MC for which temperature and EMC data is used	From 60.0 %MC to 5.0 %MC	68
Temp (°C) *	Temperature for selected wood MC	From 10.0°C to 80.0°C	28
E4C (%) *	EMC for selected wood MC	From 2.0% to 30.0%	20
Fan (%)*	Fan's speed for selected wood MC	From 0.0 % to 100.0%	100
Load defaults	Loading of default settings	yes, no	no

^{* -} these parameters are per regime and only in regimes from 1 to 12.



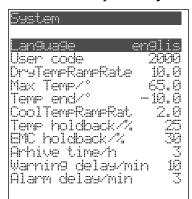
3.9.3. Option: SETUP

Ovo je stavka za razna podešavanja na automatu. Ovo je podmeni iz kojeg se bira stavka koju treba podesiti. Nakon otključavanja

automata na korisničkom nivou (pristup sa šifrom) su vidljive sledeće stavke:

	slobodan pristup	pristup sa šifrom	
		System	parameters of drying system
		Out Spraying	parameters of spraying system
	Compressor	Compressor	parameters for <u>compressor</u>
SETUP		Rekuperator	parameters for additional drying equipment
	Fars	Fans	parameters for <u>fans</u>
		Time/Date	set up current time and date
		IO device	set up communications

3.9.3.1. Option: System



Option System provides adjustment of certain system parameters. Each change of these parameters should be taken with extra caution and change should be documented. This especially apply to change of access code (parameter idea), because access to any advanced settings of the controller will become impossible if access code is changed and then forgotten.

Table 3.8 shows all parameters in this option. Initial values (default values) are different depending on the chosen dryer type. If "default value" column contains two values, first always apply for conventional and second for dehumidifying dryer.

Table 3.8. Parameters of System option

PARAMETER LABEL	DESCRIPTION	RANGE OF PARAMETER VALUES	DEFAULT VALUE
Larguage	Language choice	sreski, english, russian	sreski
User code	Access code for advanced level	② to 65535	2000
DryTempRampRate	Temperature ramp rate in drying phase	②. 1 ºC/h to 1②. ② ºC/h	10.0
Max temp/° (°C) (*)	Maximal temperature in drying phase	39.9°C to 89.9°C	65.0 / 55.0
Temp end/° (°C)	Defines how much temperature should reduce when drying ends	-50.0°C to -0.1°C	-10.0
CoolTempRampRat(*C/h)	Temperature ramp rate in cooling phase	②. 1 ºC/h to 1②. ② ºC/h	2.0
Temp holdback/%	Measured/set temperature deviation ratio (in %). When the value is exceeded, system freezes at its current point, waiting for process to catch up.	1% to 50%	29
B1C holdback/%	Measured/set EMC deviation ratio (in %). When the value is exceeded, system freezes at its current point, waiting for process to catch up.	1% to 50%	39
Arhive time/h	Data archiving interval	2 h, 3 h, 4 h, € h	3
Warnin9 delay/min	Delay for warning report	∅ min to 12∅ min	10
Alarm delay/min	Delay for alarm report	☑ min to ⊖∅ min	3

^{(*) -} when compressor is present, parameter $\mbox{\constrain}$ $\mbox{\constrain}$ can be set to maximum 65.0°C.



3.9.3.2. Option: Out spraying

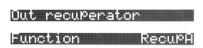


This option enables setting of parameters which define operation of spraying output. Table 3.9 shows all parameters and their values.

Table 3.9. Parameters of Out spraying option

PARAMETER LABEL	DESCRIPTION	RANGE OF PARAMETER VALUES	DEFAULT VALUE
Delaymin	Delays spraying for given time once conditions for spraying are met	1 min to 240 min	E.
Min time/min	Minimal time for spraying	1 min to 240 min	10
Max time/min	Maximal time for spraying in case the conditions are not met	1 min to 240 min	60
On/sec	Spraying on time	1 min to 240 min	33
Off/sec	Spraying off time	1 min to 240 min	39
Hold time/min	Holdback time (pause) after spraying during which it is impossible to start it again	1 min to 240 min	#5

3.9.3.3. Option: Out recuperator



This option control output for fans in recuperators or flaps behavior. These fans are turned on when drying is required. Same output is used for compressor operation, so when compressor is attached (in dehumidifying dryers) this option can not be used.

MC-2000 controller can operate both conventional and dehumidifying dryers. One same relay output is used for both types of dryers but it has different functions depending on the type of dryer and installed equipment.

- In dehumidifying dryers, compressor is connected to this relay output, so user does not have any control over it. If this option is activated (Fighth in the confidence of t
- Default value for this parameter is it and it should be changed only if appropriate equipment is installed in conventional kilns. In some conventional dryers additional (forced) air exchange is required. Then additional fan can be installed in standard or in servo flaps (dampers). To enable control of these fans select the value figh. Some other conventional dryers can have recuperators installed (devices for heat loss reduction and drying quality improvement). If recuperators are installed, user must select value in this option to enable their proper function.

Table 3.10. Parameters of Out recuperator option

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	RANGE OF	DEFAULT
LABEL		PARAMETER VALUES	VALUE
Function	Selection of the recuperator output function	no, fan, recupA, recupB	recupA

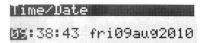
Operation description:

- When function FELFA is selected then flaps are disabled. *select this option if kiln has only recuperators
- When function recurred is selected then flaps are opened in case that humidity is too high and additional ventilation is required. * select this option if kiln has both recuperator and flaps
- When function first is selected then fan in flaps is turned on (or recuperator if present). * select this option if kiln has fans in flaps
- When function is selected then this output is disabled and drying is performed only via servo driven flaps or compressor. This option can be used to test operation of flaps. * select this option if kiln does not have recuperators

In all cases it it possible to use flaps for additional cooling during cooling phase. It is commonly used to speed up cooling because sometime chamber with recuperators can not cool down fast enough (due to high energy efficiency of recuperators).



3.9.3.4. Option: Time/date



Option Time-Date enables user to set real time clock. This clock has no automatic adjustment for daylight saving changes. When needed, it must be manually adjusted to correct time.

3.9.3.5. Option: IO device



All parameters for communication with input and output devices are set from this option. Address is unique device address in communication, baud rate is communication speed.

- Label MC corresponds to MC-2000 controller setting and it's communication with PC

Table 3.11 shows all parameters and their possible values.

Table 3.11. Parameters of IO device option

PARAMETER LABEL	DESCRIPTION	RANGE OF PARAMETER VALUES	DEFAULT VALUE
Address MC	Unique device address in communication	lto ≅5	1
Baud rate MC	Communication speed	4800, 9600, 14400, 19200, 28800, 57600, 115200	57688

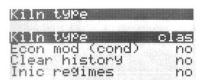
3.9.4. Option: Kiln type

This option provides selection of kiln type (and controller operation mode), compressor operation, history record erasing and parameter initialization.

Parameter Kilin the can be conventional (CINI) or dehumidifying (condensation) (CINI). Other parameters have the value.

Button sets currently selected value to "inc". Use button to confirm action, and button to cancel the action.

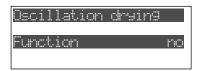
Any performed action is verified with message "cleme". "Cleme history record and can not be reversed. History clearing can take a while, so indicator bar is showed during this process to inform the user of current progress.







3.9.5. Option: Oscillation drying



Oscillation drying is experimental way of drying which is developed by professor Goran Milic from Forestry Faculty in Belgrade designed to speed up drying time and improve quality of dried timber. User can adjust temperature and EMC deviation within selected regime.

Note: NIGOS-elektronik supports exploration of new drying technologies, but at this moment we lack information to support successful use of this method. It is let to customer to use this option at his own decision. We recommend extra care when this option is used! NIGOS-elektronik do not suggest use of this option while it is still in development phase! NIGOS-elektronik do not take any responsibility for any damage or unwanted faults (bents, cracks, warps, etc.) which may occur on timber due to use of oscillation drying.

4. OPERATING PRINCIPLES (DRYING PRINCIPLE)

OPERATING MODE	auto
WOOD TYPE	3
SCHEDULE	12
THICKNESS/mm	50
HEAT TIME/h	0
FINAL MC	13.0
CONDITIONING	no
Start dryer ?	yes

After these settings, Drains paramoption must be set. Each parameter can be changed during

drying process. After all parameters are set, process is started with a pressing on the button Selected parameters are then displayed and confirmation is required.

In case something must be changed, it can be done through MENIOPING FORM. All parameters are memorized for next drying cycle, except parameter HEAT TIME IN which is reset after each drying cycle and should be set again if needed.

To start drying, use button to change the value to describe and then button to confirm selected

action. After this, selected process is started. Button cancels started action. When some process is active, LED indicator **RUN** will lit.

NOTES:

- If average wood MC is lower than FINHL NC, drying process will end immediately.
- If there is some alarm warning it makes no sense to start drying until it is resolved.
- When power failure occur, controller will memorize all data and continue drying upon power reconnection.

4.1. Drying

Drying is performed in several phases depending on the user selection. Possible phases are: measurement, heating, core heat, drying, conditioning, cooling and end.

4.1.1. PHASE: measurement

Every process starts with this phase. Controller waits for some time for measurement stabilization. After **measurement phase**, controller will automatically advance to appropriate phase depending on the received data. During this phase LCD will display following message and LED indicator **RUN** will blink.

4.1.2. PHASE: heating

After completion of measuring phase, if the temperature inside kiln is lower than start temperature from drying regime **heating phase** starts. Temperature increases by temperature ramp rate for heating phase for the chosen regime. Wood thickness also influence this parameter. Temperature deviation does not pause this process.

EMC is set to value equal to first EMC value in selected regime increased by 2% and calculated according to selected wood thickness. EMC can be manually set in this phase. Fan speed is set to first value in the regime. This value can also be set manually. Manually set values are kept even after power loss.

This phase allows active heating, fans, drying, spraying and compressor outputs.

LCD shows phase label:

PHASE heating

When set temperature reach first temperature in the regime, core heating phase will start if HEAT TIMEAN is different than 0. If this parameter equals 0, controller will advance to drying phase.

4.1.3. PHASE: core heating

During this phase, controller will keep (maintain) reached temperature and EMC after heating phase for the time set by user in parameter:

EMC and fan speed are also maintained, but can also be altered manually. All outputs can be activated.

LCD displays label keeping and remaining time:

PHASE keepin9 1:42

If power loss occur during this phase, controller advance strait to this phase after measurement phase and continues in it for remaining time.



4.1.4. PHASE: drying

In this phase controller starts to follow selected drying regime. This phase lasts until average wood MC drop to the value set in parameter Drysing parameter Fire MC.

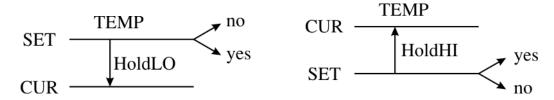
LCD displays following:

PHASE drying

Set values will change according to time increase ratio (gradient) defined in SETUP > Sestem > The Rate. Thickness influence the value of this parameter (thickness to heat ramp rate). When new values are required, according to average wood MC and chosen regime, controller will determine required temperature, EMC and fan speed.

NOTE: For dehumidifying dryer: If the temperature in the chamber is higher than 38°C, and EMC is higher than SET EMC by 1%, controller will not allow further increase of the temperature.

When HI temperature deviation warnings occur (SET Temp is lower than current) controller will stop temperature decreasing. When LO temperature deviation warnings occur (LO Temp is higher than current) controller will stop temperature increasing.



Parameter for wood thickness influence speed of drying, so by altering the parameter Desired Frank THICKNESS with it is possible to speed up, or slow down drying. Reducing the thickness evoke lowering of EMC and thus speeding up of drying process. Vice versa, increasing the thickness evoke raising of EMC and thus slowing down of drying process.

Fan speed is always related to average wood MC. When manual fan speed setting is enabled Fanable set speed setting is enabled Fanable set speed setting is enabled Fanable set. Speed setting is enabled Fanable set.

When average wood MC drops to a value given by user in parameter Druing parameter in the high controller will consider drying phase complete. If conditioning phase is enabled (parameter Druing parameter Druing phase), controller will advance to conditioning phase, and if conditioning is disabled - to cooling phase.

4.1.5. PHASE: equalization

This phase is intended for the equalization of the moisture between the wood of all the probes for measuring the moisture content of wood. If any of the probes to measure low humidity - which means that the tree is dry to limit moisture - automat moves to phase equalization to invest in other probes dropped on that gramičnu value. After equalization, the process returns to the drying phase.

Phase equalization is possible only if the final moisture is set to less than 10% MC.

During the drying process it is possible this phase turned on or off at any time. We recommend using this phase in cases where it is required the best possible quality of dried material.

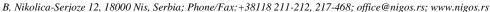
This function can significantly extend drying time and successful ending depends on the ability of wood dryer to provide desired conditions!

4.1.6. PHASE: conditioning

This phase, as the last phase of drying process, provides equalization of wood moisture content inside the wood and on the wood surface. Flaps (dampers) will close. Controller will allow activity of heating, fans and spraying outputs, and block activity of cooling and compressor outputs. Duration of the conditioning phase is defined by time parameter in selected regime, but it is recalculated depending on selected thickness. If the lumber thickness is less than 50mm, conditioning phase lasts a bit shorter than it is specified by regime, and vice versa, if the thickness is greater than 50mm, the phase lasts a bit longer. Remaining time is displayed on LCD.

Set temperature and EMC are given in regime and can not be changed. Fan speed is also given in regime, but can be manually altered. After power loss and reconnection, this phase will continue for remaining time in the moment of power loss. Next phase is cooling phase.

EQUIPMENT FOR MEASUREMENT & CONTROL AND DRYERS





4.1.7. PHASE: cooling

During cooling phase, only fans output can be activated. Valves and flaps are shut. Set temperature is equal to last given temperature decreased for value of parameter SETUP/Sestem/Temp END/*. EMC and fan speed will remain at same value as in last phase before cooling. LCD displays elapsed time.

After power loss and reconnection, this phase will continue until set temperature is reached. Once the temperature drops to required value, drying has ended.

4.1.8. PHASE: end

Fans are stopped, and valves and flaps shut. Controller shuts down all outputs. Message — it is displayed at the bottom of the LCD.

4.1.9. PHASE: pause

Pausing drying process.

4.2. SETPOINT DEVIATION

Whenever some process is active, controller will compare deviation (difference) between measured and set points. Allowed deviations are given in percent values. If actual value is higher than set value for given deviation percentage, HI deviation will be reported. Vice versa, if the actual value is lower than set value for given deviation percentage, LO deviation will be reported.

HI Temperature deviation warning will stop increase of temperature in automatic mode. LO temperature deviation will cause flaps to shut. In semi-automatic mode, these warnings are only informational. EMC deviation is only informational.

4.3. POWER FAILURE DURING DRYING PROCESS

If power is lost and then restored, while the drying process is running in automatic mode, MC-2000 performs measuring of wood moisture content, calculates average MC and then determines temperature and EMC setpoints. After that, the unit determines proper point for resuming the process, and continues it. In semiautomatic mode, after restoring power, all parameters, including setpoints for temperature and EMC will be restored to their power-down values and process will be continued from where it was interrupted when power was lost.



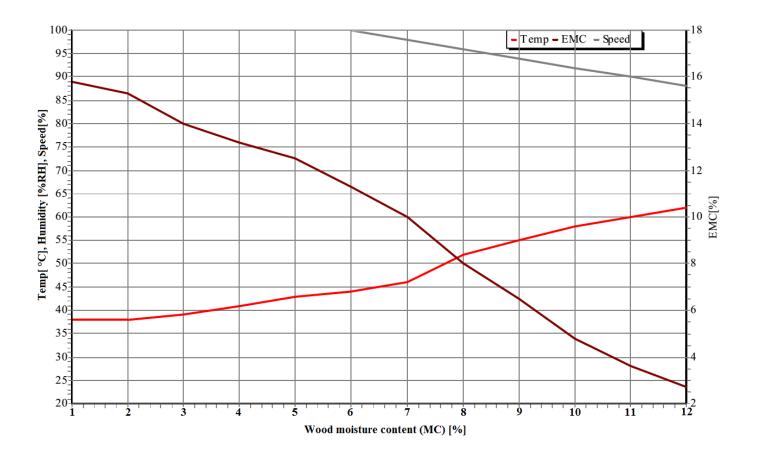
5. **DRYING REGIME**

As mentioned in chapter 1, automatic control unit MC-2000 has 60 drying regimes, all are factory pre-defined but user can change any of them according to his own needs. Here is given an example of how drying regime should be defined. On the next page, there is a blank table which user can copy and make regimes on his own.

NOTE: Minimal drying temperature MUST BE LOWER than the first temperature value in the selected regime. Other ways, the drying will not start. It is recommended that it is set to be $5 \div 10$ °C lower than the first temperature value in the regime (in this example minimal drying temperature is set to 33 °C, and the first value for temperature in the regime is 39 °C).

Regime number:	18	
Heating temperature ramp rate:	5.0	°C / h
Regime type:	MC	

Segment	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Kond
MC	60	50	40	35	30	27	24	20	16	12	9	6	25
T	38.0	38.0	39.0	41.0	43.0	44.0	46.0	52.0	55.0	58.0	60.0	62.0	57.0
EMC	15.8	15.0	14.0	13.2	12.5	11.3	10.0	8.0	6.5	4.8	3.6	2.7	9.0
FAN	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	98.0	96.0	94.0	92.0	90.0	88.0	100.0

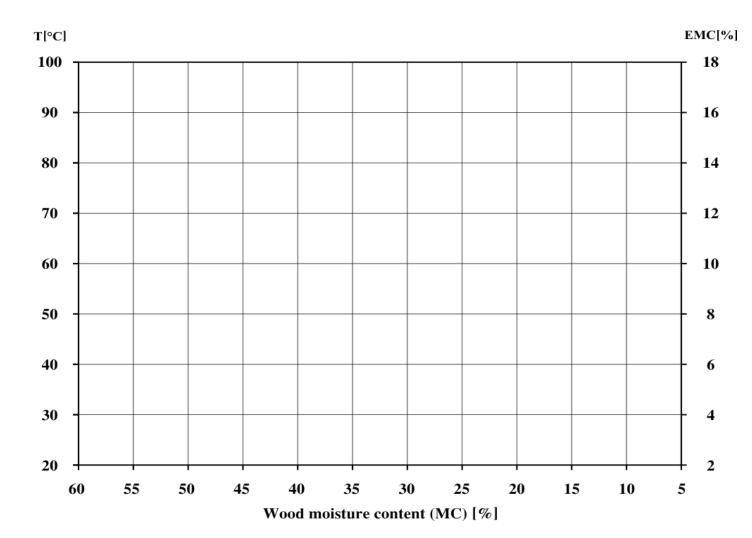




5.1. USER'S DRYING REGIME

Regime number:	
Heating temperature ramp rate:	$^{\circ}C$ / h
Regime type:	

Segment	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Kond
MC													
T													
EMC													
FAN													





5.2. TABLE OF PREDEFINED DRYING REGIMES

			01 1		ուբը ըլ	,,,,		DRY	ING			CONDITIONING			
		IP	C		Heat	Temp	EMC	Temp	EMC	Temp	EMC	Time	Temp	EMC	
	No			ramp (°C/h)	60%	60% MC 30% MC		9%	MC	(h)	(°C)	(%)			
	1	01	01	MC	2.5	28,0	21,0	30,0	16,8	48,0	5,0	40	46.0	9.0	
	2	01	02	MC	3.0	28,0	20,0	30,0	15,5	48,0	4,5	35	46.0	9.0	
	3	01	03	MC	3.5	28,0	19,0	30,0	14,5	48,0	4,5	30	46.0	9.0	
	4	01	04	MC	4.0	28,0	17,5	30,0	13,5	48,0	4,0	30	46.0	9.0	
	5	01	05	MC	5.0	28,0	17,0	30,0	12,5	48,0	3,8	25	46.0	9.0	
	6	02	02	MC	3.0	32,0	20,0	34,0	15,5	55,0	4,5	35	52.0	9.0	
	7	02	03	MC	3.5	32,0	19,0	34,0	14,5	55,0	4,5	30	52.0	9.0	
	8	02	04	MC	4.0	32,0	17,5	34,0	13,5	55,0	4,0	30	52.0	9.0	
	9	02	05	MC	5.0	32,0	17,0	34,0	12,5	55,0	3,8	25	52.0	9.0	
	10	02	06	MC	7.0	32,0	15,0	34,0	11,2	55,0	3,8	25	52.0	9.0	
	11	03	03	MC	3.5	35,0	19,0	38,0	14,5	58,0	4,5	30	55.0	9.0	
	12	03	04	MC	4.0	35,0	17,5	38,0	13,5	58,0	4,0	30	55.0	9.0	
(13	03	05	MC	5.0	35,0	17,0	38,0	12,5	58,0	3,8	25	55.0	9.0	
<u> </u>	14	03	06	MC	7.0	35,0	15,0	38,0	11,2	58,0	3,8	25	55.0	9.0	
	15	03	07	MC	8.0	35,0	14,0	38,0	10,0	58,0	3,5	20	55.0	9.0	
VENTIONAL DRYING SCHEDULES	16	04	03	MC	3.5	38,0	19,0	40,0	14,5	60,0	4,5	30	57.0	9.0	
	17	04	04	MC	4.0	38,0	17,5	40,0	13,5	60,0	4,0	30	57.0	9.0	
S C	18	04	05	MC	5.0	38,0	17,0	40,0	12,5	60,0	3,8	25	57.0	9.0	
	19	04	06	MC	7.0	38,0	15,0	40,0	11,2	60,0	3,8	25	57.0	9.0	
RY	20	04	07	MC	8.0	38,0	14,0	40,0	10,0	60,0	3,5	20	57.0	9.0	
[Q	21	05	04	MC	4.0	42,0	17,5	44,0	13,5	62,0	4,0	30	60.0	9.0	
[AI	22	05	05	MC	5.0	42,0	17,0	44,0	12,5	62,0	3,8	25	60.0	9.0	
	23	05	06	MC	7.0	42,0	15,0	44,0	11,2	62,0	3,8	25	60.0	9.0	
	24	05	07	MC	8.0	42,0	14,0	44,0	10,0	62,0	3,5	20	60.0	9.0	
E	25	05	08	MC	9.0	42,0	13,0	44,0	9,2	62,0	3,4	15	60.0	9.0	
	26	06	04	MC	4.0	46,0	17,5	48,0	13,5	64,0	4,0	30	62.0	9.0	
CON	27	06	05	MC	5.0	46,0	17,0	48,0	12,5	64,0	3,8	25	62.0	9.0	
	28	06	06	MC	7.0	46,0	15,0	48,0	11,2	64,0	3,8	25	62.0	9.0	
	29	06	07	MC	8.0	46,0	14,0	48,0	10,0	64,0	3,5	20	62.0	9.0	
	30	06	08	MC	9.0	46,0	13,0	48,0	9,2	64,0	3,4	15	62.0	9.0	
	31	07	05	MC	5.0	50,0	17,0	52,0	12,5	69,0	3,8	25	65.0	9.0	
	32	07	06	MC	7.0	50,0	15,0	52,0	11,2	69,0	3,8	25	65.0	9.0	
	33	07	07	MC	8.0	50,0	14,0	52,0	10,0	69,0	3,5	20	65.0	9.0	
	34	07	08	MC	9.0	50,0	13,0	52,0	9,2	69,0	3,4	15	65.0	9.0	
	35	07	09	MC	10.0	50,0	12,0	52,0	8,5	69,0	3,0	10	65.0	9.0	
	36	08	05	MC	5.0	55,0	17,0	55,0	12,5	72,0	3,8	25	68.0	9.0	
	37	08	07	MC	8.0	55,0	14,0	55,0	10,0	72,0	3,5	20	68.0	9.0	
	38	08	09	MC	10.0	55,0	12,0	55,0	8,5	72,0	3,0	10	68.0	9.0	
	39	13	07	MC	8.0	55,0	14,0	60,0	10,0	80,0	3,5	20	75.0	9.0	
	40	14	08	MC	9.0	65,0	13,0	70,0	9,2	85,0	3,4	15	80.0	9.0	

Note: In heating phase EMC is 2% higher than starting EMC in drying phase.



DEDACATED REGIMES

		-								Dry	Conditioning					
		No. TEMP EMC Type Type Heat ramp (°C/h)						Temp	EMC	Temp	EMC	Temp	EMC	Time	Temp	EMC
			Ž	TE	EN	Ty	H ra	60% MC		30%	30% MC		9% MC		(°C)	(%)
		od	41	03	12	MC	7.0	35,0	18,0	38,0	14,0	58,0	4,0	30	55,0	9,0
S	poomujos		42	05	05	MC	5.0	42,0	17,0	44,0	12,5	62,0	3,8	25	60,0	9,0
SCHEDULES		OS	43	06	11	MC	7.0	46,0	16,0	48,0	11,0	64,0	3,5	20	62,0	9,0
HED		h	44	12	12	MC	7.0	38,0	18,0	38,0	14,0	57,0	4,0	30	55,0	9,0
SCF		beech	45	12	04	MC	4.0	38,0	17,5	38,0	13,5	57,0	4,0	30	55,0	9,0
1T		1	46	04	05	MC	5.0	38,0	17,0	40,0	12,5	60,0	3,8	25	57,0	9,0
ON			47	09	02	MC	3.0	28,0	20,0	30,0	15,5	58,0	4,5	35	55,0	9,0
NT		oak	48	09	03	MC	3.5	28,0	19,0	30,0	14,5	58,0	4,5	30	55,0	9,0
CONVENTIONAL			49	09	10	MC	7.0	28,0	17,5	30,0	13,0	58,0	4,0	35	55,0	9,0
[00]	;	lamella <10mm	50	10	12	МС	7.0	25,0	18,0	32,0	14,0	46,0	4,0	30	44,0	9,0
		very slow	51	15	02	MC	3.0	36,0	20,0	40,0	15,5	56,0	4,5	35	50,0	9,0
ULES		slow	52	15	03	MC	3.5	36,0	19,0	40,0	14,5	56,0	4,5	30	50,0	9,0
G SCHEDULES	plank	average	53	15	04	МС	4.0	36,0	17,5	40,0	13,5	56,0	4,0	30	50,0	9,0
DIFYING		fast	54	15	05	MC	5.0	36,0	17,0	40,0	12,5	56,0	3,8	25	50,0	9,0
DEHUMIDIFY		very fast	55	15	06	MC	7.0	36,0	15,0	40,0	11,2	56,0	3,8	25	50,0	9,0
D		n n	56	11	02	MC	3.0	35,0	20,0	36,0	15,5	46,0	4,5	35	44,0	9,0
	•	lamella <10mm	57	11	03	MC	3.5	35,0	19,0	36,0	14,5	46,0	4,5	30	44,0	9,0
	,	<u>a</u>	58	11	13	EMC										
	IED	OULES	59	10	10	Time (h)										
	TIMED		60	10	12	Time (min)										

Note: In heating phase EMC is 2% higher than starting EMC in drying phase.



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